

Regional & Local Policy Driving Change

Regionally, 'The Northern Way' (a partnership between the three northern Regional Development Agencies) in its transport priorities report¹ seeks to improve links within and between the North's City Regions. In addition, an Institute for Public Policy Research North report² recommends that '*Regional Development Agencies have more influence over transport policy...with a specific remit make the case for better modal integration and facilitate a shift to lower carbon solutions such as rail, buses and cycling*'.

The Yorkshire and the Humber Regional Spatial Strategy was published in May 2008. It presents the spatial issues relating to seven sub areas within the region, including the Leeds City Region and the York Sub-area, and incorporates a Regional Transport Strategy (RTS), which provides a strategic steer on transport investment and management. The RSS (& RTS) contains policies and criteria which seek to:

- Support the improvement of links between and within the City Regions.
- Achieve better accessibility to opportunities and facilities.
- Increase walking, cycling and use of public transport.
- Reduce the need to travel and the distance travelled.
- Address growth in traffic congestion and transport related emissions, including the use of demand management measures in urban areas as appropriate to local circumstances ("Category A" transport management and investment priority).
- Improve public transport in the Leeds-Harrogate-York corridor.
- Support York Northwest development.
- Improve accessibility to York city centre and investment opportunities of the sub-area ("Category B" transport management and investment priority).
- Guide local authorities to adopt a transport-orientated approach to ensure that development makes the best use of existing infrastructure and maximises accessibility by walking, cycling and using public transport.
- Realise potential growth of 2130 jobs per annum and 850 dwellings per annum in the York Sub-Area.

The Regional Transport Board makes recommendations to the Secretary of State (SoS) for transport on how the £842 million 10-year Regional Funding Allocation (RFA) for transport schemes across the region should be spent. The SoS then decides which of the recommendations (or others) should be taken forward for seeking subsequent funding. Through this process a new station at Haxby has been included in the RFA programme and 'Access York Phase 1' has been approved as a scheme to be put forward in the latest round of recommendations. Haxby Station has already been submitted to the Department for Transport (DfT) as an Exceptional Scheme Bid for which a decision from DfT is awaited, and a Major Scheme Bid for Access York Phase I is due to be submitted later this year.

¹ Moving Forward: The Northern Way Strategic Direction for Transport

² A progressive transport policy for Northern England, Paper 4 from the northern Economic Agenda project – Institute for Public Policy Research North

The Leeds City Region is one of the key drivers of the Northern economy. The Leeds City Region Transport Vision and Investment Plan has a vision for transport to enable the city region to function as a single economic space by providing a high quality transport system that will, amongst other aims:

Connect all core centres within the city region to each other;
Connect population to core centres, employment sites, education, training, retail and leisure facilities within the city region;
Provide choice and ensure that the growth in car use is minimised, whilst
Make best use of the transport assets in the city region

The Investment Plan includes and builds on existing committed transport schemes (in the RFA) in the city region, which will be developed in the context of managing demand better to make best use of existing transport infrastructure and services. In addition, the plan acknowledges that current committed and planned schemes do not fully meet the anticipated travel needs of the city region. Therefore, the Investment Plan includes additional measures for a range of transport modes and demand management that seek to realise the aims outlined above.

The principal longer-term drivers locally are the Local Development Framework (LDF), the Sustainable Community Strategy (SCS), which incorporates the Local Area Agreement (LAA) and the Future York Group Report³.

The Future York Group Report analysed the York economy and proposed a series of recommendations for how York might prepare itself for meeting current and future competition. It stated that if the proposed economic growth rate of 3.7% was pursued over the next 10 years the city's economy could double by 2026. However, the report advocated housing growth greater than contained in the Draft RSS and/or transport infrastructure to mitigate the effects of the population being outpaced by economic growth. The particular recommendations for transport were to:

Secure funds to enable the dualing of the northern outer ring road (ORR);
Improve connectivity to at least one of the regional airports (maximum 45 min. transfer time from the city);
Investigate ways to improve sustainable public transport links to neighbouring towns and cities
Review policies to ensure more flexibility in addressing parking needs at out of city centre employment developments.

It would appear from the Future York Group Report that enabling economic growth is inextricably linked to significant transport infrastructure provision (primarily highway improvements). However, the veracity of this link is now being challenged and other measures that are not directly aimed at easing travel by private car may be more viable.

³ The future York Group Report – An Independent Strategic Review of the York Economy

The LDF will establish the future development patterns for the city up to 2026 and is expected to be complementary to future transport policy. The various documents forming the LDF are presently at early stages of production and will undergo extensive consultation and examination before being adopted.

The SCS entitled 'York A City Making History 2008-2025' is due to be released later this year, subject to full Council approval in June 2008. It incorporates a LAA which contains targets for two National Performance Indicators (NPIs) pertaining to congestion (vehicle journey time delay) and safety (killed or seriously injured accidents (KSIs)).